

# Three Terminal Current Controller

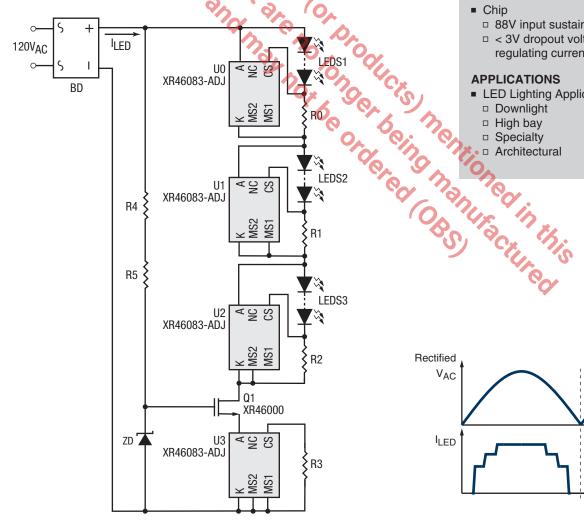
#### **Description**

The XR46083 is a Three Terminal Current Controller (TTCC) for regulating the current flowing through an LED string.

The application of the XR46083 is configured in parallel with an LED string. The XR46083 can work as voltage controlled current source. current regulator, or cut-off. It is suitable for the applications adopting periodical AC voltage source.

The layout is very flexible allowing for PCB designs in any conceivable shape. Whether high bay, downlights, or unique architectural shapes the XR46083 can provide an excellent LED lighting solution.

# **Typical Application**



## Figure 1. Typical Application

#### **FEATURES**

- System
- All solid state components
- □ No electrolytic capacitor required
- □ Compact size to minimize mechanical cost
- Driver-on-board and chip-on-board available which minimize process flow and assembly cost
- □ High PF and low THD performance
- □ High efficiency achieved
- □ Flexible PCB layout style
- □ Wide range of LED forward voltage selection
- Distributed heat to several chips
- □ TRIAC dimmable
- Chip
  - 88V input sustaining voltage
  - < 3V dropout voltage for up to 150mA</p> regulating current

#### **APPLICATIONS**

- **LED Lighting Applications**

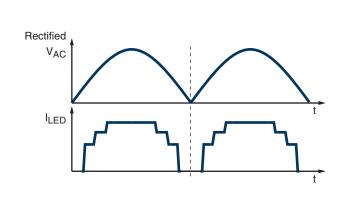


Figure 2. Typical Performance

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REV1C

#### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Stresses beyond the limits listed below may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to any Absolute Maximum Rating condition for extended periods may affect device reliability and lifetime.

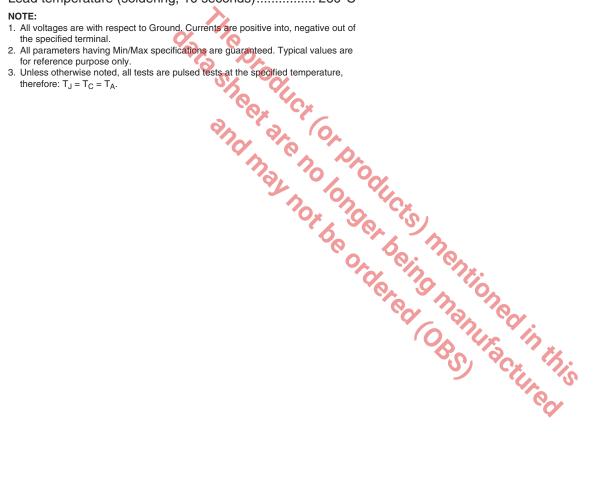
Sustaining voltage A to K0.3V to 88V
Sustaining voltage CS, MS1, MS2 to K0.3V to 1V
Regulating current150mA
Maximum operating junction temperature, T <sub>J</sub> 165°C
Storage temperature range55°C to 150°C
Lead temperature (soldering, 10 seconds) 260°C
NOTE:

- 1. All voltages are with respect to Ground. Currents are positive into, negative out of the specified terminal.
- 2. All parameters having Min/Max specifications are guaranteed. Typical values are for reference purpose only.
- 3. Unless otherwise noted, all tests are pulsed tests at the specified temperature, therefore:  $T_J = T_C = T_A$ .

## **Operating Conditions**

Regulating current (with adequate heat sinking) <sup>(1)</sup> ,	
I <sub>AK</sub> 130n	nΑ
Input voltage <sup>(1)</sup> , V <sub>AK</sub> 3V to 80	VC
Maximum junction temperature, T <sub>J</sub> 150	°C
Operating free-air temperature range, $T_A40^{\circ}C$ to 100	°C
NOTE:	

<sup>1.</sup> Due to thermal dissipation consideration, the maximum LED Vf in parallel should decrease with the regulating current.





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#### **Electrical Characteristics**

Unless otherwise noted, typical values are at  $T_A = 25$ °C.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Min	Тур	Max	Units
І <sub>РЕАКО</sub>	Peak regulating current(1)(2)	V <sub>AK</sub> = 5V, Mode 0 (MS1/MS2 connected to K)	Option C1	38.4	40	41.6	mA
			Option C2	63.4	66	68.6	
			Option C3	49.9	52	54.1	
			Option D1	76.8	80	83.2	
			Option D2	124.8	130	135.2	
			Option D3	99.8	104	108.2	
I <sub>PEAKO</sub> /I <sub>PEAKO</sub>	or 1		Mode 0 (MS1/MS2 connected to K)		100		
I <sub>PEAK1</sub> /I <sub>PEAK0</sub>	Current ratio of mode selection <sup>(1)</sup>	All Options (C1/C2/C3/D1/D2/D3)	Mode 1 (MS1 open, MS2 connected to K)	75	80	85	%
I <sub>PEAK2</sub> /I <sub>PEAK0</sub>		V <sub>AK</sub> = 5V	Mode 2 (MS2 open, MS1 connected to K)	50	55	60	
I <sub>PEAK3</sub> /I <sub>PEAK0</sub>		Ch. Ch.	Mode 3 (MS1/ MS2 open)	32	35	38	
ΔI <sub>LR</sub> /I <sub>PEAKx</sub>	Regulating current line regulation <sup>(3)</sup>	Option C1/C2/C3/D1/D2/D3,	Mode 1 to 3, V <sub>AK</sub> = 5V and 40V		±1	±2	0/
(x = 0  to  3)		Option C1/C2/C3/D1/D2/D3,	Mode 0, V <sub>AK</sub> = 5V and 40V	-4	-8	-15	- %
V <sub>CS</sub>	CS pin voltage	Option ADJ, Mode 0, $V_{AK}$ = 5V, with 1K $\Omega$ external resistor between CS and K			0.27	0.28	V
ΔV <sub>LR</sub> /V <sub>CS</sub>	CS pin voltage line regulation <sup>(4)</sup>	Option ADJ, Mode 1 to 3, V <sub>A</sub> resistor between CS and K	$\kappa$ = 5V and 40V with 1K $\Omega$ external		±1	±2	
		Option ADJ, Mode 0, $V_{AK}$ = 5V and 40V with 1K $\Omega$ external resistor between CS and K		-4	-8	-15	%
V <sub>DROP</sub>	Dropout voltage <sup>(5)</sup>	Mode 0 (MS1/ MS2 connected to K)			2.8	3.8	V
T <sub>TP</sub>	Thermal protection trip temperature <sup>(6)</sup>	When $T_J$ is higher than $T_{TP}$ , the peak regulating current decreases to $I_{TP}$ linearly.			130		°C
$I_{TP}/I_{PEAKx}$ (x = 0 to 3)	Thermal protection mode regulating current	T <sub>J</sub> = 175°C			50		%

#### **NOTES:**

1. For ADJ option, the regulating current is determined by an external resistor, R<sub>EXT</sub>, connected between the CS pin and the K pin. The mode selection function will not change the current ratio of option ADJ. To activate the line regulation function, the chip (U3) connected in series with the LED string should be set in Mode 0 (MS1 and MS2 connected to pin K). The regulating current will be: I<sub>PEAK</sub> = 0.27/R<sub>EXT</sub>

And the maximum regulating current of second step (ex: U2 in Mode 1) should not exceed 80% of the top level (ex: U3 in Mode 0), otherwise the circuit operation might become abnormal when OTP function is activated. It is strongly recommended to set at 75%.



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## **Electrical Characteristics (Continued)**

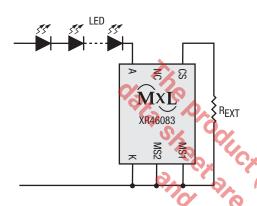
## **NOTES: (Continued)**

2. The user can add an external resistor R<sub>EXT</sub> between the CS pin and the K pin of U3 (Mode 0, serial connected to the LED string) to increase the regulating current of option C1, C2, C3, D1, D2 and D3, as shown in below. For U1 ~ U2 (Mode 1 ~ Mode 3, parallel connected to the LED string), adding an external resistor R<sub>EXT</sub> between the CS pin and the K pin may cause abnormal operation and chip damage.

Option D3

For option C1/ C2/ C3, the regulating current variation  $\Delta I_{PEAK}/I_{PEAK} = 6.25/R_{EXT}$ .

For option D1/ D2/ D3, the regulating current variation ΔI<sub>PFAK</sub>/I<sub>PFAK</sub> = 3.13/R<sub>EXT</sub>.



Without External With 100Ω External Resistor Resistor Option C1 40 42.5 Option C2 66 70.1 Option C3 52 55.3 Option D1 80 82.5 Option D2 132 136.1

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Table 1. U3 (Mode 0) Regulating Current

Figure 3. External Resistor to Increase Regulating Current

3. The Regulating Current Line Regulation is defined as:

For Mode 1~3: 
$$\Delta I_{LR}/I_{PEAKx} = \frac{I_{AK} (V_{AK} = 40V) - I_{AK} (V_{AK} = 5V)}{I_{AK} (V_{AK} = 5V)}, x = 1-3$$
For Mode 0: 
$$\Delta I_{LR}/I_{PEAK0} = \frac{I_{AK} (V_{AK} = 40V) - I_{AK} (V_{AK} = 5V)}{I_{AK} (V_{AK} = 5V)}$$
The CS Pin Voltage Line Regulation is defined as: For Mode 1~3: 
$$\Delta V_{LR}/V_{CS} = \frac{V_{CS} (V_{AK} = 40V) - V_{CS} (V_{AK} = 5V)}{V_{CS} (V_{AK} = 5V)}$$
For Mode 0: 
$$\Delta V_{LR}/V_{CS} = \frac{V_{CS} (V_{AK} = 40V) - V_{CS} (V_{AK} = 5V)}{V_{CS} (V_{AK} = 5V)}$$
Dropout voltage =  $V_{AK}$  @ 90% × ( $I_{PEAK0}$  @  $V_{AK} = 5V$ )

For Mode 0: 
$$\Delta I_{LR}/I_{PEAK0} = \frac{I_{AK}(V_{AK} = 40V) - I_{AK}(V_{AK} = 5V)}{I_{AK}(V_{AK} = 5V)}$$

4. The CS Pin Voltage Line Regulation is defined as:

For Mode 1~3: 
$$\Delta V_{LR}/V_{CS} = \frac{V_{CS} (V_{AK} = 40V) - V_{CS} (V_{AK} = 5V)}{V_{CS} (V_{AK} = 5V)}$$

For Mode 0: 
$$\Delta V_{LR}/V_{CS} = \frac{V_{CS\;(V_{AK}\,=\,40V)} - V_{CS\;(V_{AK}\,=\,5V)}}{V_{CS\;(V_{AK}\,=\,5V)}}$$

- 5. Dropout voltage =  $V_{AK}$  @ 90% × ( $I_{PEAK0}$  @  $V_{AK}$  = 5V)
- 6. When T<sub>.I</sub> > T<sub>TP</sub>, the peak regulating current decreases linearly to around 50% at 175°C.

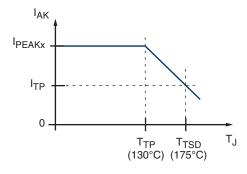
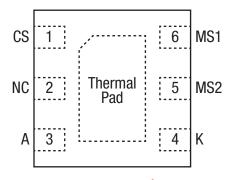
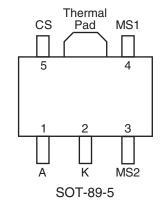


Figure 4. Peak Regulating Current vs. T<sub>.I</sub>



# **Pin Configuration**





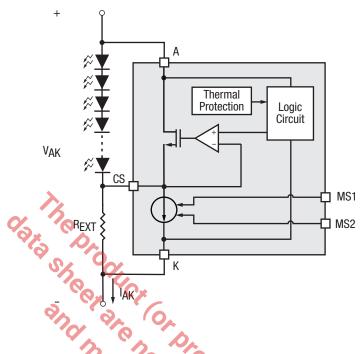
# 2mm x 2mm TDFN-6

# **Pin Functions**

Pin Number		Die Name		
TDFN-6	SOT-89-5	Pin Name	Description	
1	5	cs	Current sense pin. Connected to negative end of LED string.	
3	1	А	Regulating current input pin. Connected to positive end of LED string.	
4	2	К	Regulating current output pin. This is effectively a ground pin.	
5	3	MS2	Mode selection pin 2. Floating or connecting to pin K only.	
6	4	MS1	Mode selection pin 1. Floating or connecting to pin K only.	
2	-	NC	No Connection	
Exposed Thermal Pad			Exposed thermal pad of the chip. Use this pin to enhance the power dissipation ability.  The thermal conductivity will be improved if a copper foil on PCB is soldered with the thermal pad. It is recommended to connect the thermal pad to pin K.	
			It is recommended to connect the thermal pad to pin K.	



# **Functional Block Diagram**



## **I-V Curve**

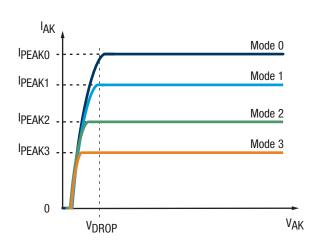


Figure 6. Cx/Dx Options

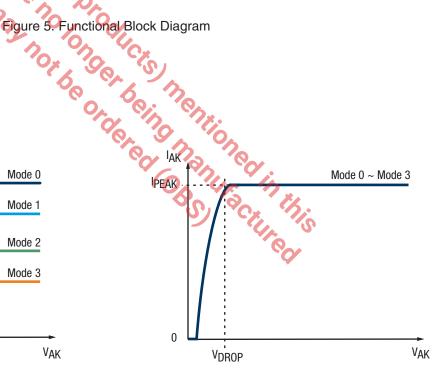


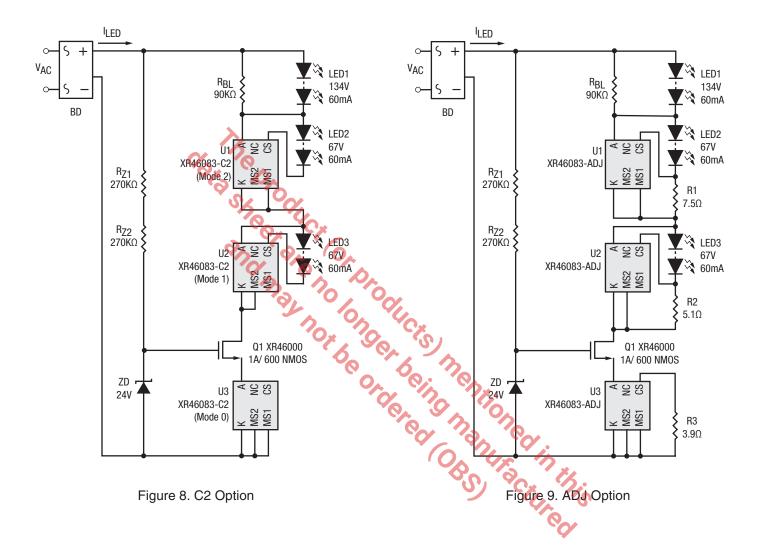
Figure 7. ADJ Option



## **Applications Information**

#### 220V<sub>AC</sub>/10W LED Light Engine

- 3 steps, PF = 0.98, THD = 16%
- To pass 1KV surge test, Q1 can be changed to 800V NMOS

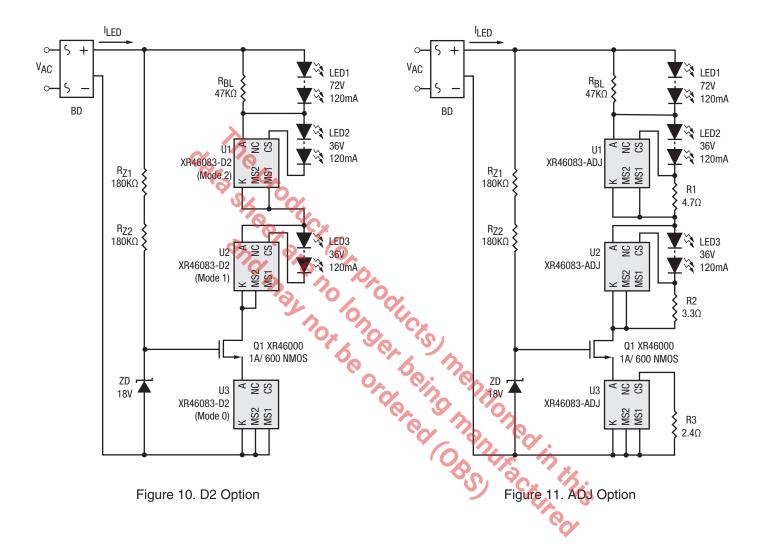




## **Applications Information (Continued)**

#### 10W LED Light Engine

- 3 steps, PF = 0.98, THD = 16%
- To pass 1KV surge test, Q1 can be changed to 800V NMOS

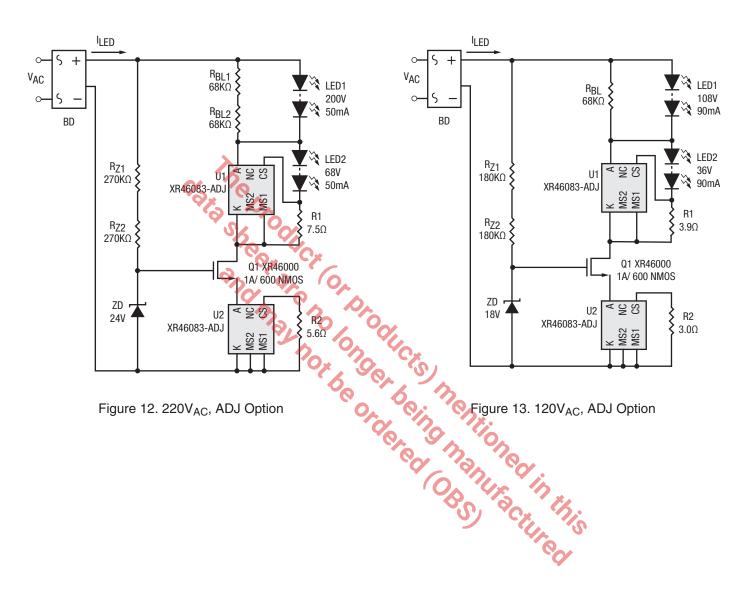




## **Applications Information (Continued)**

#### 7W Low Cost LED Light Engine

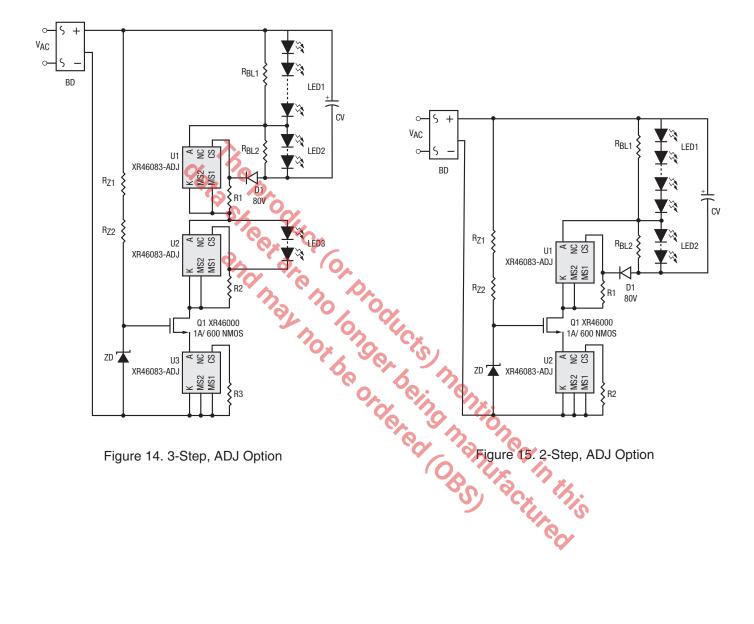
■ 2 steps, PF = 0.95, THD = 28%





# **Applications Information (Continued)**

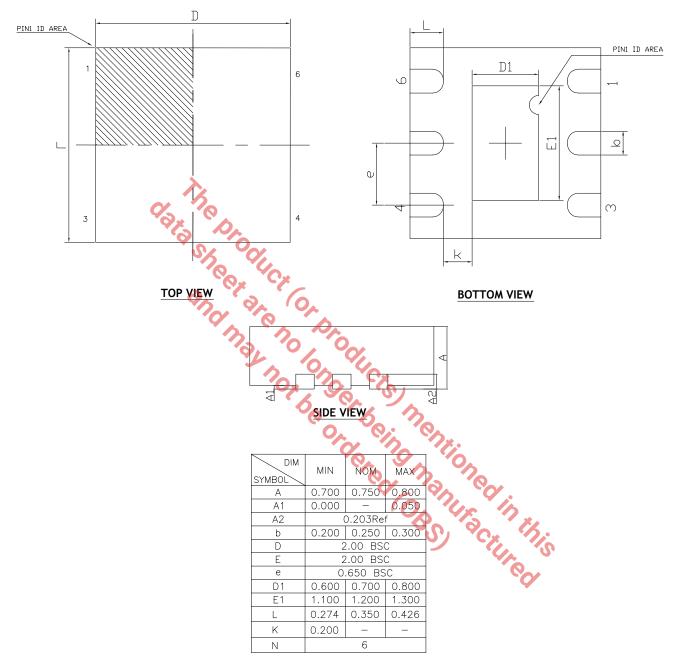
#### Low Flicker Solutions





#### **Mechanical Dimensions**

#### TDFN6 2x2



#### **TERMINAL DETAILS**

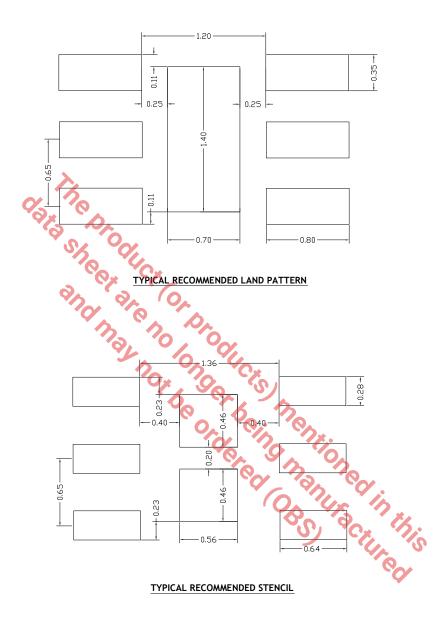
- ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS, ANGLES ARE IN DEGREES.
- DIMENSIONS AND TOLERANCE PER JEDEC MO-229.

Drawing No.: POD-00000072



# **Recommended Land Pattern and Stencil**

## TDFN6 2x2

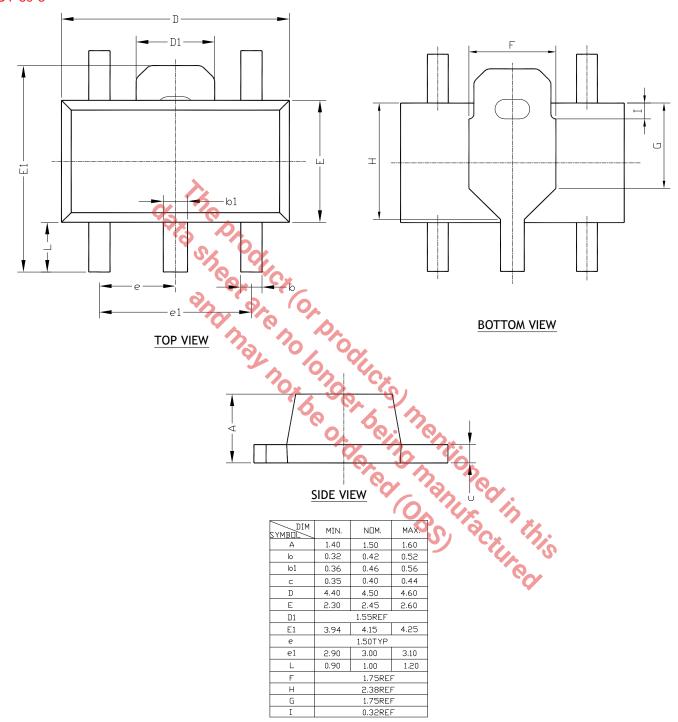


Drawing No.: POD-00000072



# **Mechanical Dimensions (Continued)**

#### SOT-89-5



#### TERMINAL DETAILS

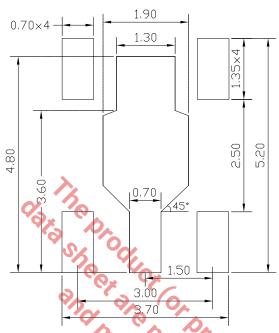
NOTE: ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS, ANGLES ARE IN DEGREES.

Drawing No.: POD-00000097

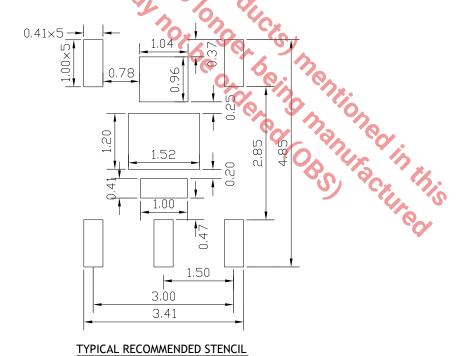


## **Recommended Land Pattern and Stencil**

#### SOT-89-5



## TYPICAL RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN



NOTE : ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS, ANGLES ARE IN DEGREES.

Drawing No.: POD-00000097



## Ordering Information(1)

Part Number	er Operating Temperature Range Lead-Free F		Package	Package Method
XR46083EHTR-ADJ	083EHTR-ADJ -40°C ≤ T <sub>J</sub> ≤ 150°C		TDFN6 2x2	Reel
XR46083ESFTR-ADJ $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \le \text{T}_{\text{J}} \le 150^{\circ}\text{C}$		Yes <sup>(2)</sup>	SOT-89-5	Reel

#### NOTE:

- 1. Refer to www.exar.com/XR46083 for most up-to-date Ordering Information.
- 2. Visit www.exar.com for more information on Environmental Rating.

#### **Revision History**

Revision	Date	Description
1A	Aug 2016	Initial release
1B	Oct 2016	Update Typical Application, Package Descriptions, and Ordering Information table.
1C	Aug 2018	Update to MaxLinear logo. Update format and Ordering Information.





**Corporate Headquarters:** 5966 La Place Court Suite 100 Carlsbad, CA 92008 Tel.:+1 (760) 692-0711 Fax: +1 (760) 444-8598

**High Performance Analog:** 1060 Rincon Circle San Jose, CA 95131

Tel.: +1 (669) 265-6100 Fax: +1 (669) 265-6101

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